



Division of Computational Informatics

Database Group

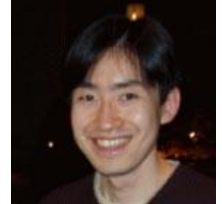
Hiroyuki Kitagawa
Center for Computational Sciences
Graduate School of Systems and
Information Engineering
University of Tsukuba

Members



■ Faculty

- Hiroyuki Kitagawa (Professor)
- Toshiyuki Amagasa (Associate Professor)
- Hideyuki Kawashima (Lecturer;
Currently in HPCS Div.)
- Yasuhiro Hayase (Assistant Professor)
- Chiemi Watanabe (Assistant Professor)



■ Students

- Doctoral Program: 8
- Master Program: 24
- Undergraduate: 7
- Research Student: 3

■ Adjunct Researchers

- Prof. Ishikawa (Nagoya Univ.)
- Prof. Ebisawa (JAXA)

Overview



- R&D in Data Engineering and Databases
- Main Research Areas
 - Information Integration Framework
 - Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery
 - XML and Web Programming
 - Database Applications in Science Domains



■ Main Research Areas

● Information Integration Framework

- Integration of Heterogeneous Data Sources: DB, Web, File, XML, Sensors, ...
- Stream Processing
 - High-Availability Schemes for Distributed Stream Processing
 - Secure Stream Data Processing
 - Efficient Archiving of Stream Data
 - Outlier Detection over Packet Streams
 - Transactional Stream Processing
- Indexing for Update-intensive Applications

● Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery

- Outlier Detection
- Social Bookmark Analysis
- Microblog Analysis
- GPU-based Acceleration of Data Mining



■ Main Research Areas (Cont.)

- XML and Web Programming
 - Online Analytical Processing of XML Data
 - Parallel XML Query Processing using PC-Clusters/Multi-core Processors
 - Faceted-navigation of XML Data
 - Energy-efficient XML Stream Processing
 - RDF/LOD Data Processing
 - Privacy-preserving Database Querying
- Database Applications in Science Domains
 - Development and Maintenance of GPV/JMA Archive
 - Automatic Classification of Pressure Patterns
 - Faceted-Navigation System for QCDml Ensemble XML Data
 - Event Detection from Large Scale Satellite Sensor Data
 - Outburst Detection from X-ray Astronomy Data



Collaboration

Japan Aerospace
Exploration Agency
(JAXA)

National Institute of
Advanced Industrial
Science and Technology
(AIST)

- Outburst Detection from X-ray Astronomy Data

- Event Detection from Large Scale Satellite Sensor Data (GeoGrid)

Division of
Computational Informatics
Database Group

Division of Global
Environmental Science

Division of Particle
Physics

- GPV/JMA Data Archive
- Classification of Pressure Patterns

Division of
Computational Informatics
Computational Media
Group

- ILDG/JLDG
- Faceted-Navigation System for QCDml Ensemble XML Data

- Regular Division Meeting
- Real-world Sensing Data Management

Selected Research Topics

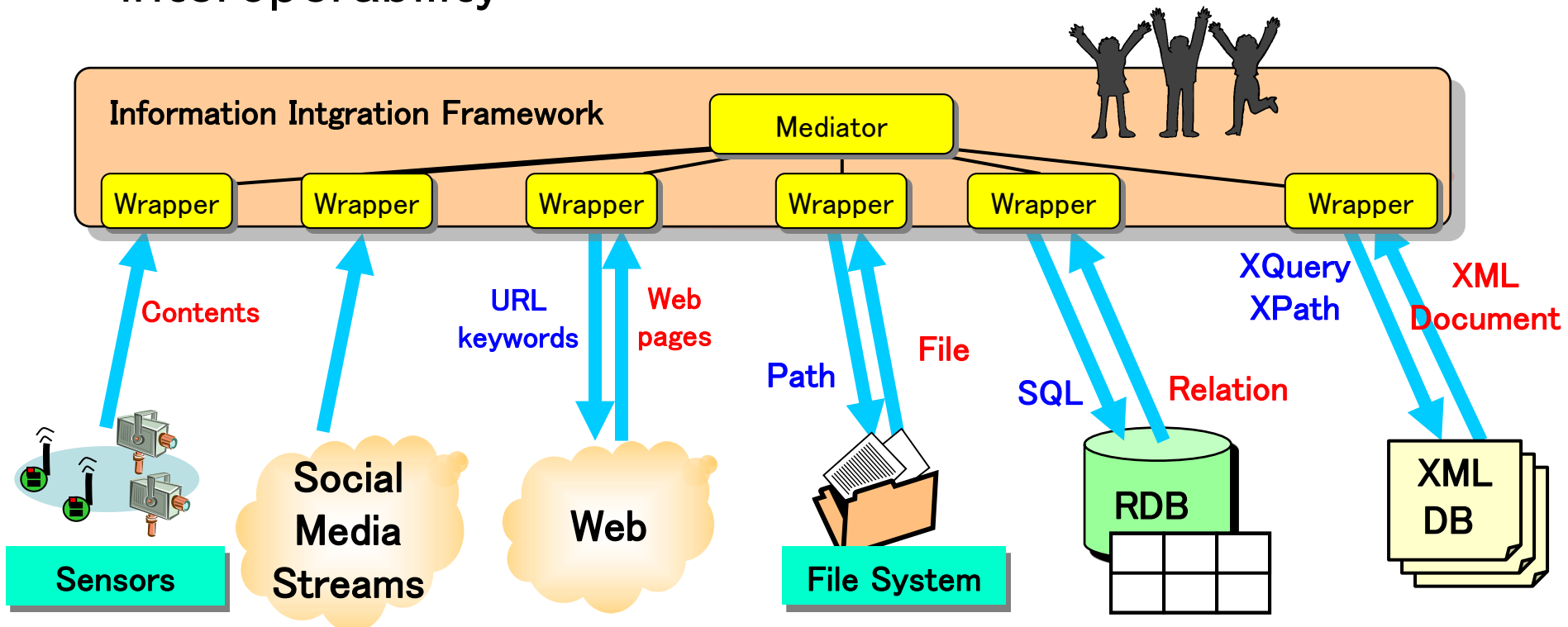


- Information Integration Framework
 - Integration of Heterogeneous Data Sources: DB, Web, File, XML, Sensors, ...
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 - High-Availability Schemes for Distributed Stream Processing
 - ✓ Transactional Stream Processing
 - Secure Stream Data Processing
 - Efficient Archiving of Stream Data
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Information Integration Framework



- A variety of online data sources
 - Different data formats, access methods, query languages, ...
- Information integration framework for data interoperability

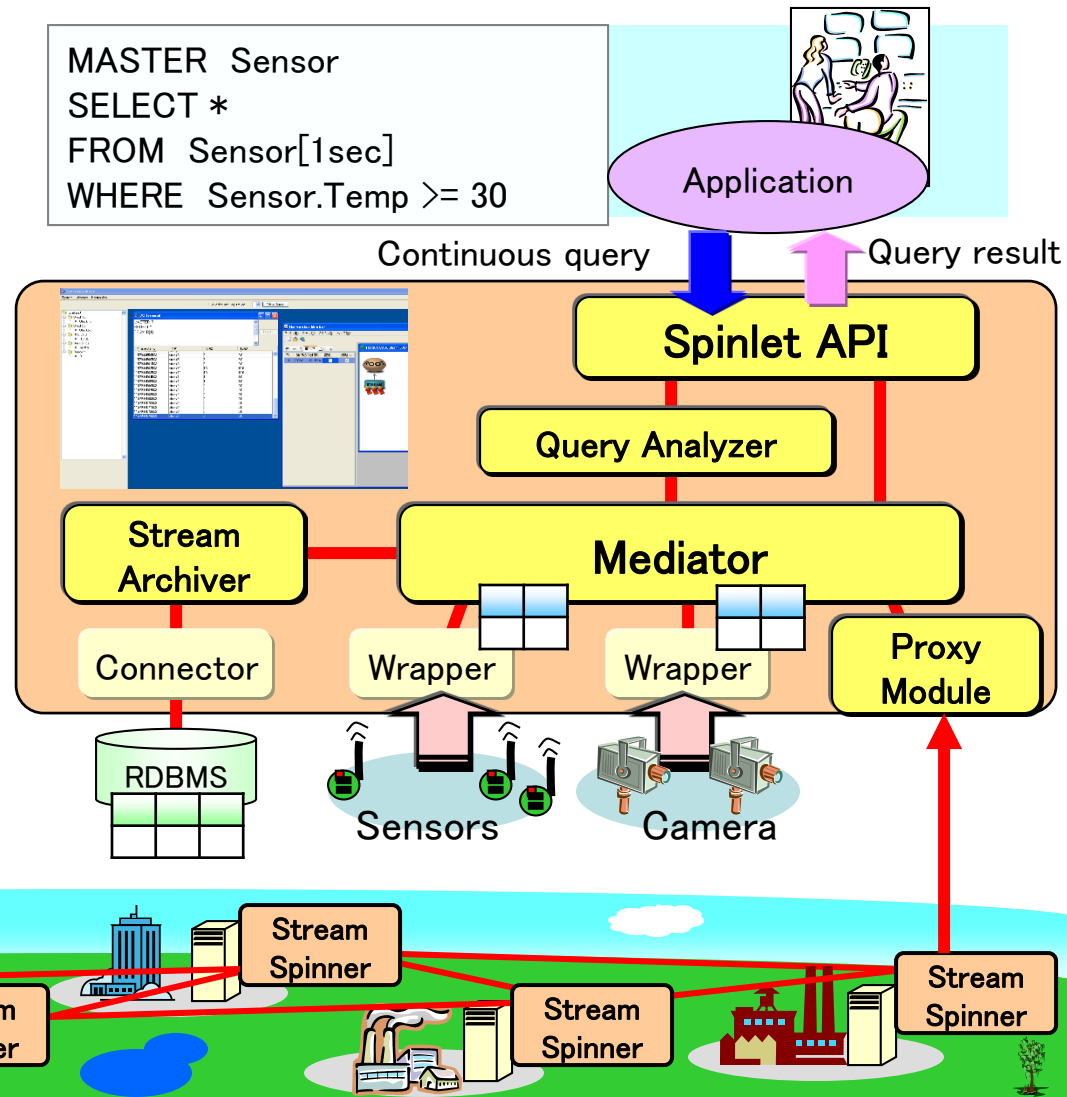




Data Integration Including Streams

■ StreamSpinner, SS*, JsSpinner

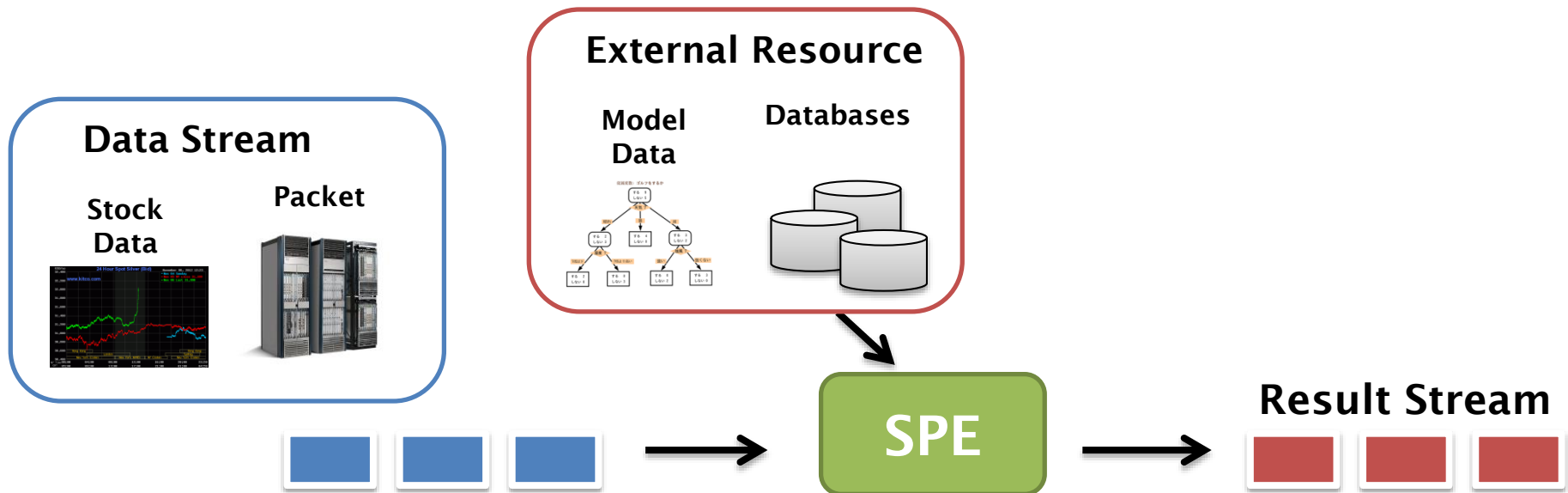
- Help integration of heterogeneous data sources
- Streaming data sources such as sensors, location data, social media streams, etc.
- Even-driven execution of continuous queries
- Distributed stream processing



Transactional Stream Processing



In data integration context, SPEs do not process only **data streams** but integrates **non-streaming external resources**

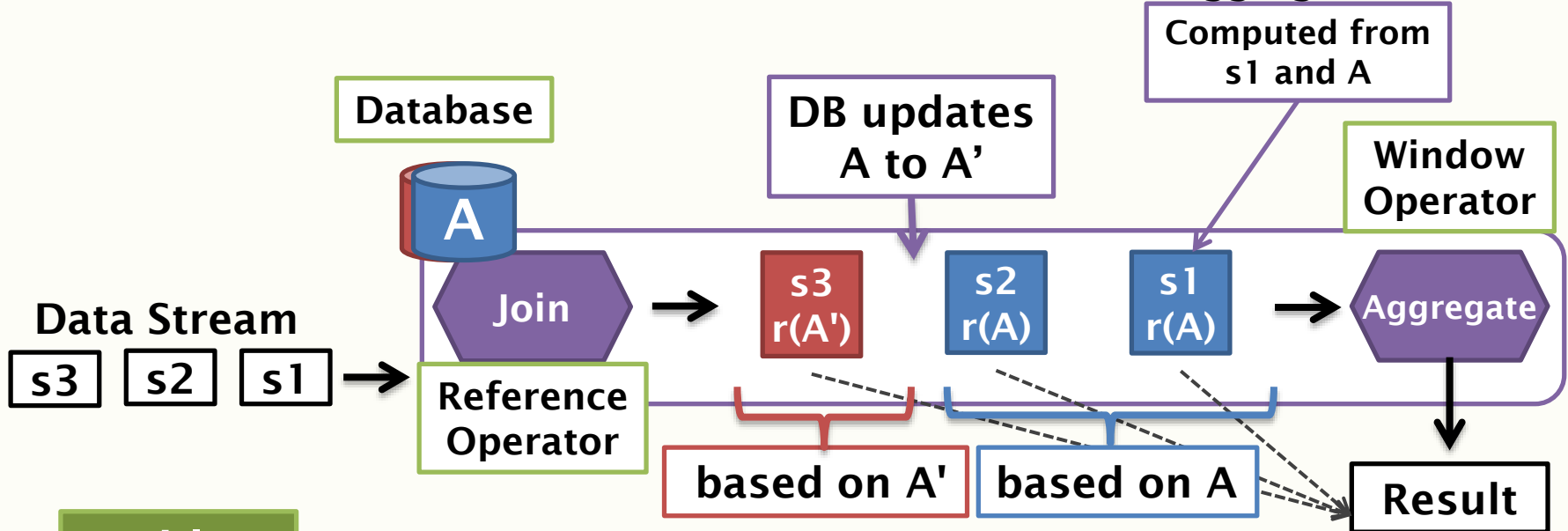


Problem: Resource reference inconsistency

- | External resources may be updated or modified autonomously.

- | Continuous query

 - ▣ Integrate a data stream & DB → aggregate results
(window-based aggregation)



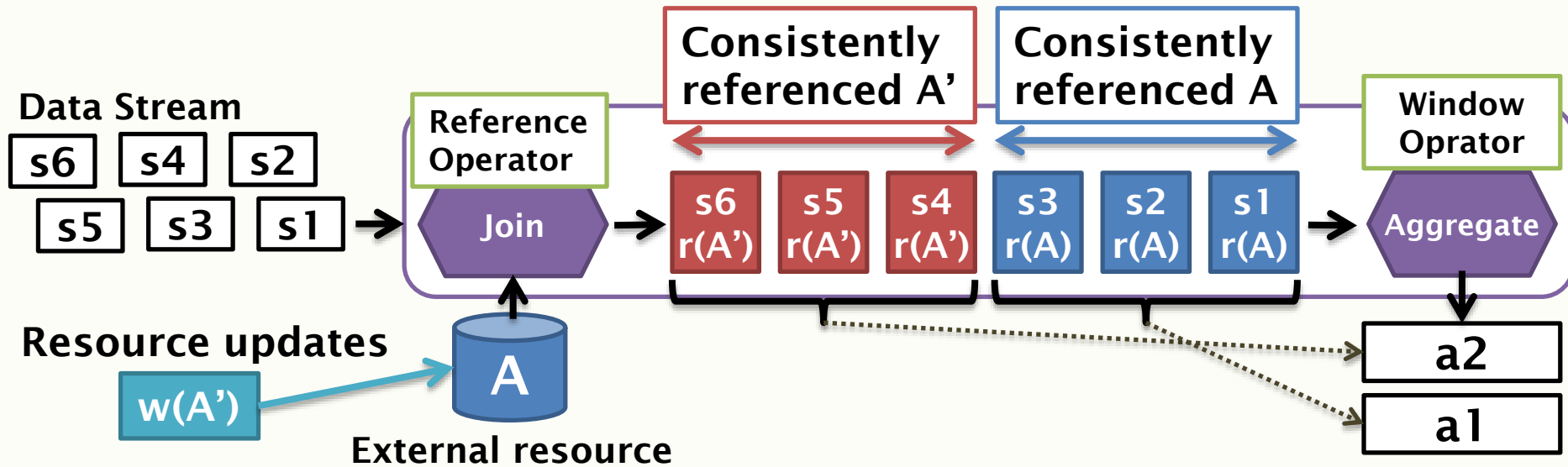
Problem

External resources are **not consistently referenced** in a **single CQ execution instance**.

Our Goal: Transactional Stream Processing

Goal

Even if **external resources are updated independently**, we guarantee that **external resources are consistently referenced** in each CQ execution instance.



How to make stream processing transactional?

| CQ-processing ensuring serializability

- ▣ Serializability of all CQ-Txns and DB Update-Txns

| Approaches

(a) Combining exiting concurrency control mechanisms with stream processing

- ▣ Two-Phase Locking Strategy (2PL)
- ▣ Snapshot Strategy (C2PL)
- ▣ Optimistic Strategy

(b) Stream processing combining a redo mechanism and external resource state monitoring

Selected Research Topics



- Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery
 - Outlier Detection
 - Social Bookmark Analysis
 - ✓ Microblog Analysis
 - ✓ GPU-based Acceleration of Data Mining

Microblog Analysis

■ Real-world sensing

- ✓ **Event Detection** [Sakaki+, 10] [Walther+, 13] ...
- ✓ **Epidemics Analysis** [Paul+, 11] [Aramaki+, 11] ...
- ✓ **Disaster Analysis** [Vieweq+, 10] [Mandel+, 12] ...



■ Location inference

- Most users hesitate to disclose their home locations in their profiles.
- Only few tweets have GEO-tags.



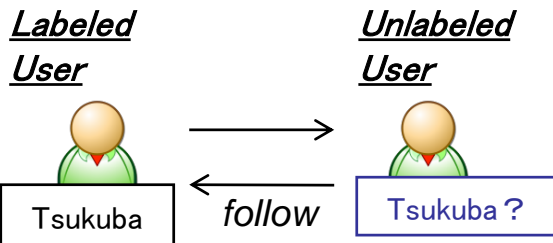


Graph Based Approach

- Utilize social graphs based on friendships
- Closeness vs. Concentration

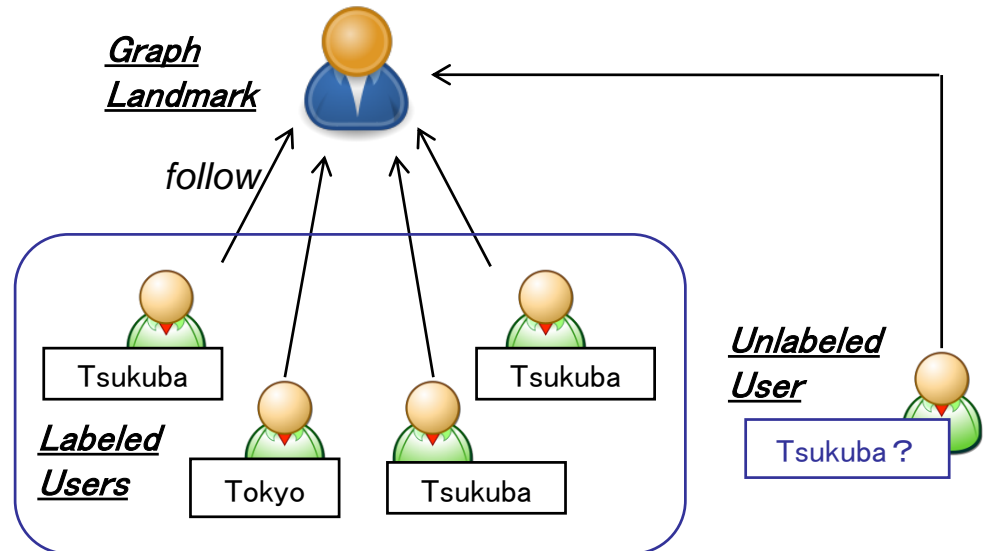
Closeness assumption
(Traditional approaches)

**IF: FRIENDS
THEN: CLOSE**



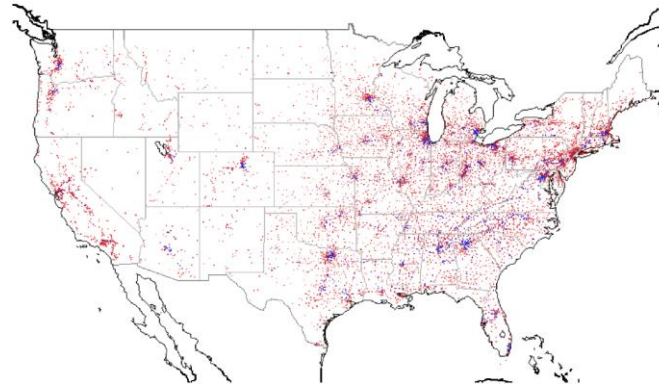
Concentration assumption (proposed)

**IF: FOLLOW A GRAPH LANDMARK
THEN: CLOSE** A user whose followers
are close to each other



Graph Based Approach

Graph Landmark Example



red: regular users
blue: graph landmarks

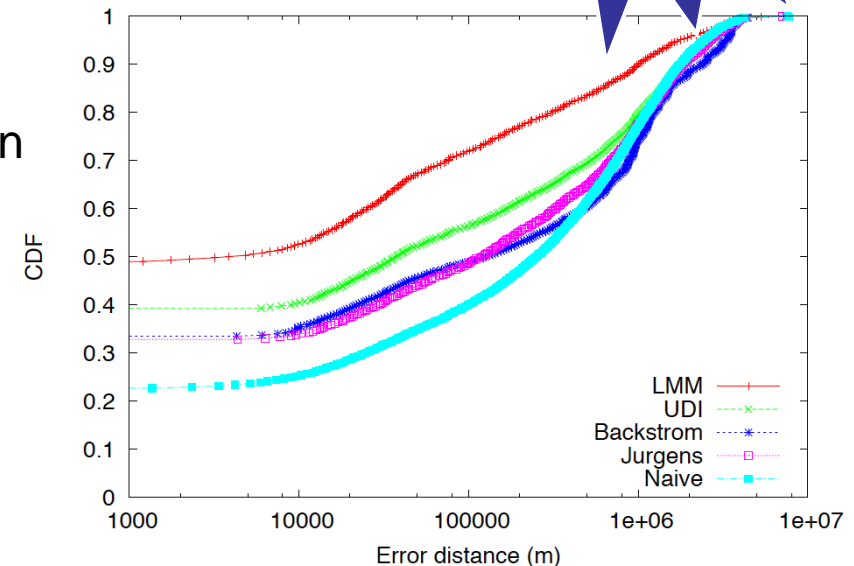
**27%+
IMPROVED**

Accuracy Comparison

- ✓ LMM: Proposed
- ✓ UDI: [Li+, 12]
- ✓ Backstrom: [Backstrom+, 10]
- ✓ Jurgens: [Jurgens, 13]
- ✓ Naïve: Medoid

concentration
assumption

closeness
assumption



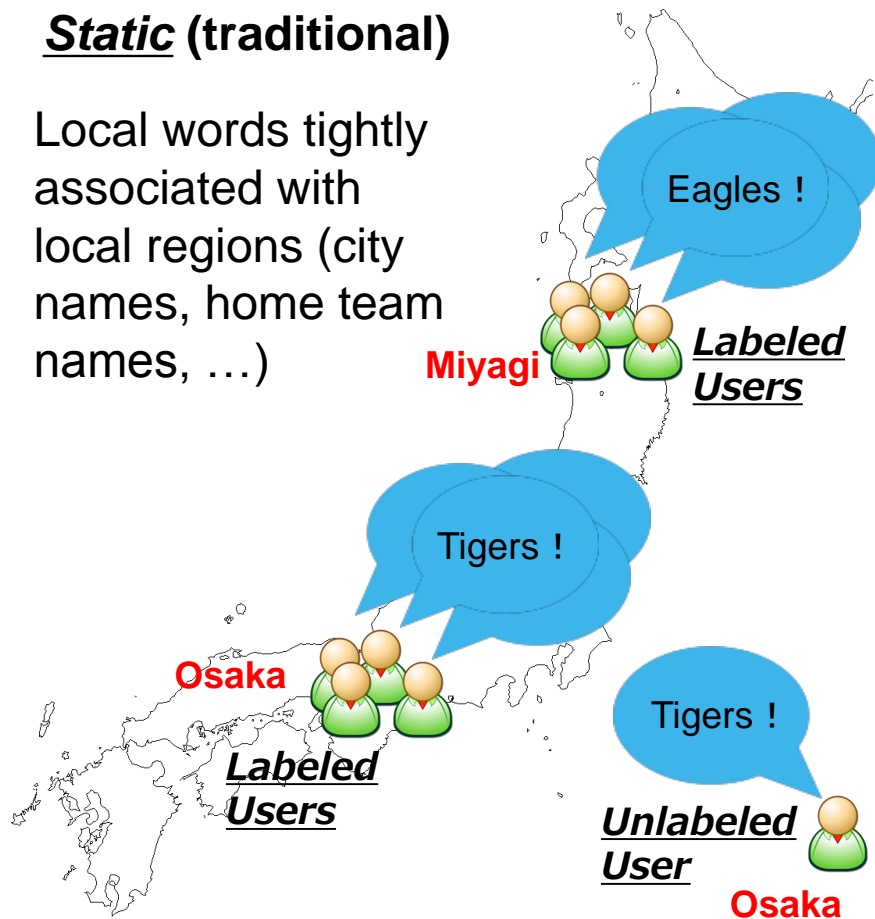
Content Based Approach

Static vs. Temporal Local Words



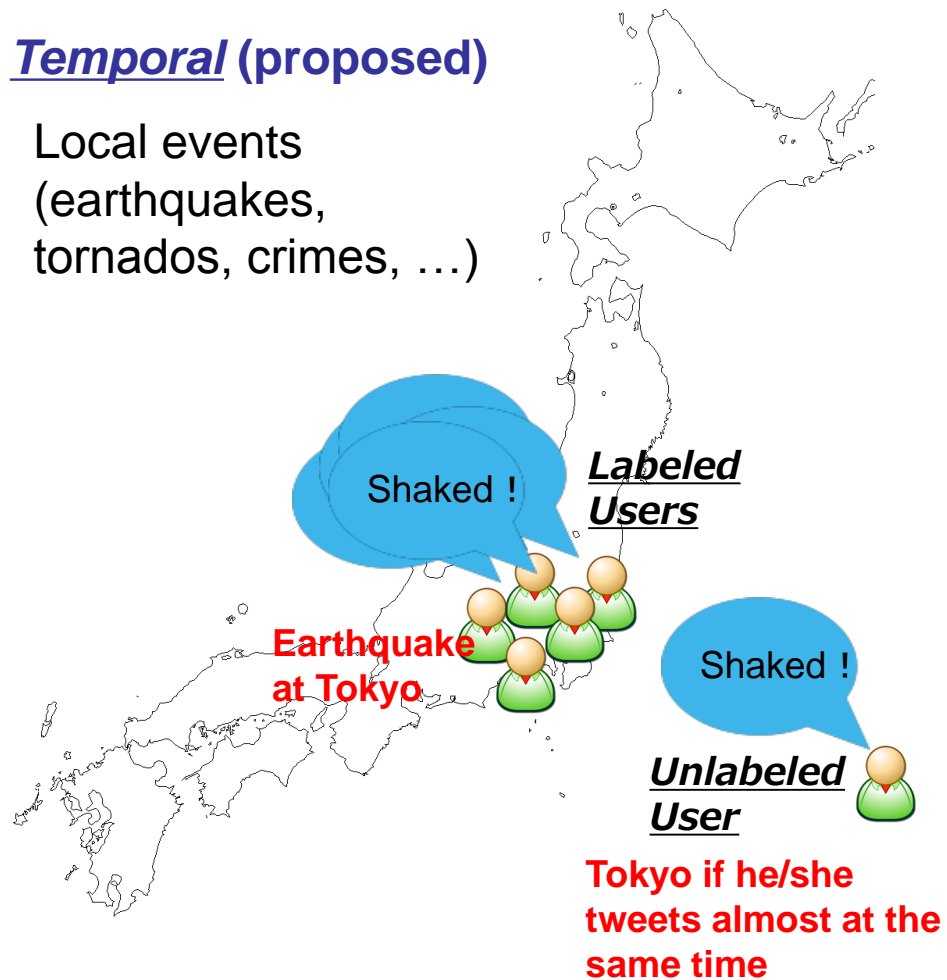
Static (traditional)

Local words tightly associated with local regions (city names, home team names, ...)



Temporal (proposed)

Local events (earthquakes, tornados, crimes, ...)



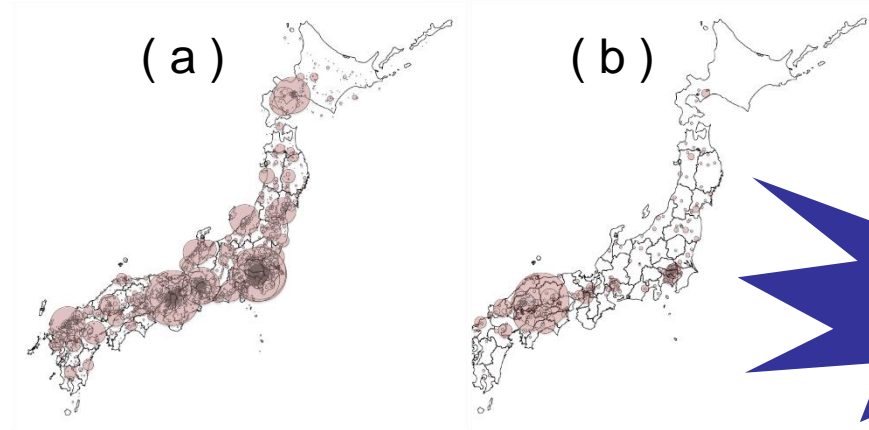
Content Based Approach

Identified Local Events

Distributions of tweets

(a) at ordinary times

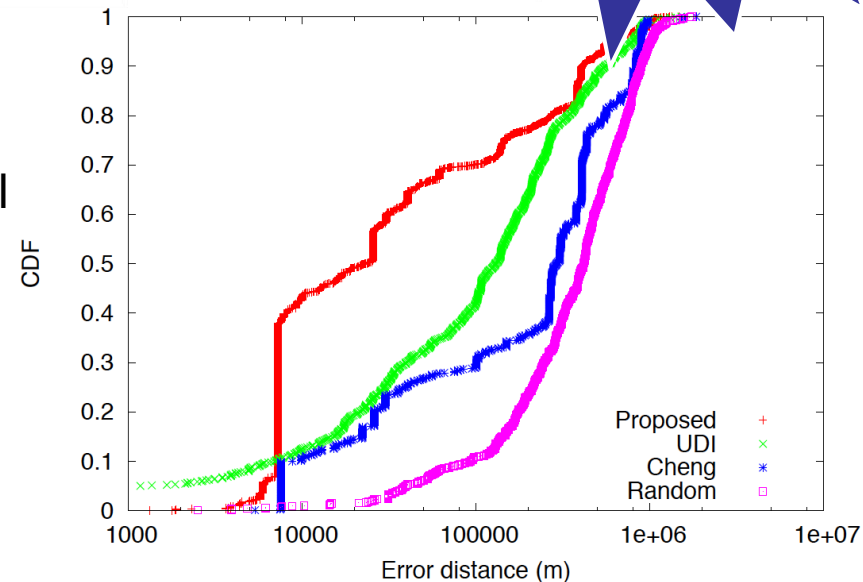
(b) after an earthquake
at Hiroshima



**33%+
IMPROVED**

Accuracy Comparison

- ✓ Proposed: Proposed
 - ✓ UDI: [Li+, KDD'12]
 - ✓ Cheng: [Cheng+, CIKM'10]
 - ✓ Random: Random Assignment
- } temporal
- } static



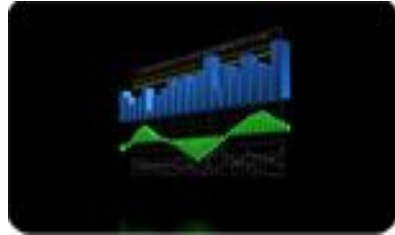
GPU-based Acceleration of Data Mining



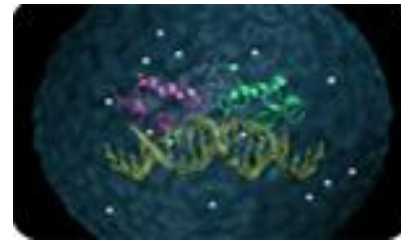
- Gaining growing attention due to its cost and performance.



Fluid Simulation



Signal Processing



Biology



Database & Data Mining

- The DB group has been trying to apply GPU for accelerating various data mining processing.
 - Probabilistic Latent Semantic Indexing [ICCS' 11]
 - Frequent itemset mining over uncertain databases [CIKM' 12, DEXA' 13, IEICE Trans. ' 14]
 - Currently working on sorting huge arrays, time series matching, clustering, and similarity join.

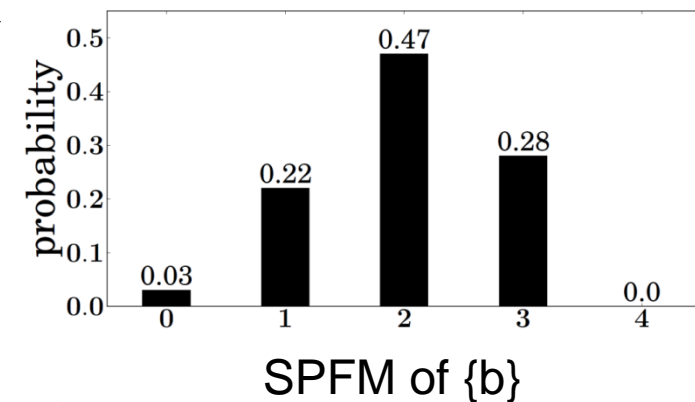
Frequent Itemset Mining over Uncertain Databases



- A set of transactions
 - Transaction: ID, itemset, and probability
- Possible worlds
 - {T1, T2}: prob. is 0.028
 - {T1, T2, T3}: prob. is 0.252
 - ...
- Support $\text{sup}(X)$
 - Conventional: # of transactions containing X
 - Uncertain: random variable
 - ➔ Support Probability Mass Function (SPMF)
- Probabilistic Frequent Itemset (PFI)
 - $P(\text{sup}(X) \geq \text{minsup}) \geq \text{minprob}$
 - minsup and minprob are user-specified values

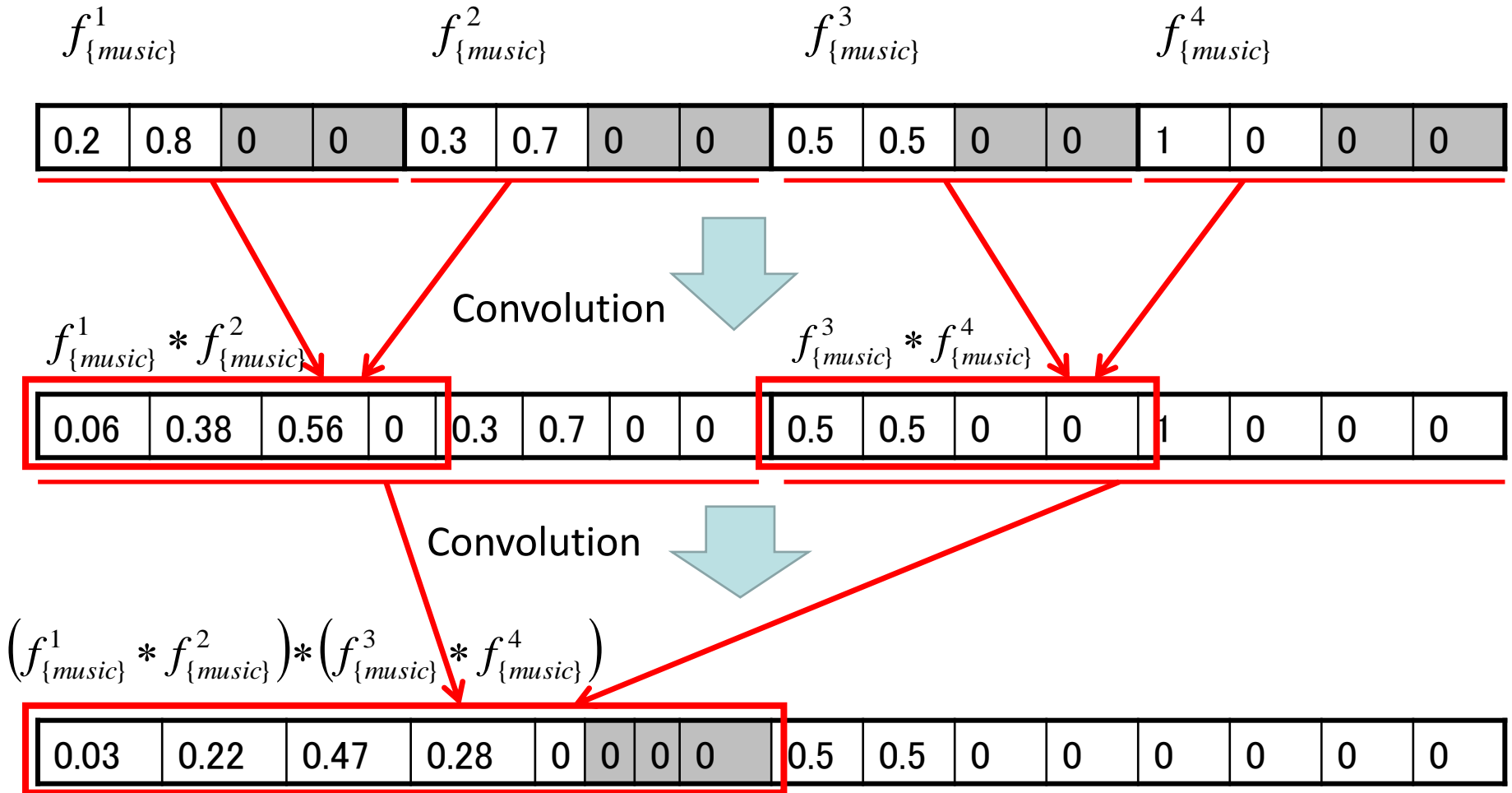
Uncertain transaction DB

ID	Itemset	Prob.
T1	{a, b}	0.8
T2	{b, c}	0.7
T3	{a}	0.9
T4	{a, b, c}	0.5



- Accelerate frequent itemset mining (PFIM) using GPU

SPMF Computation on GPU





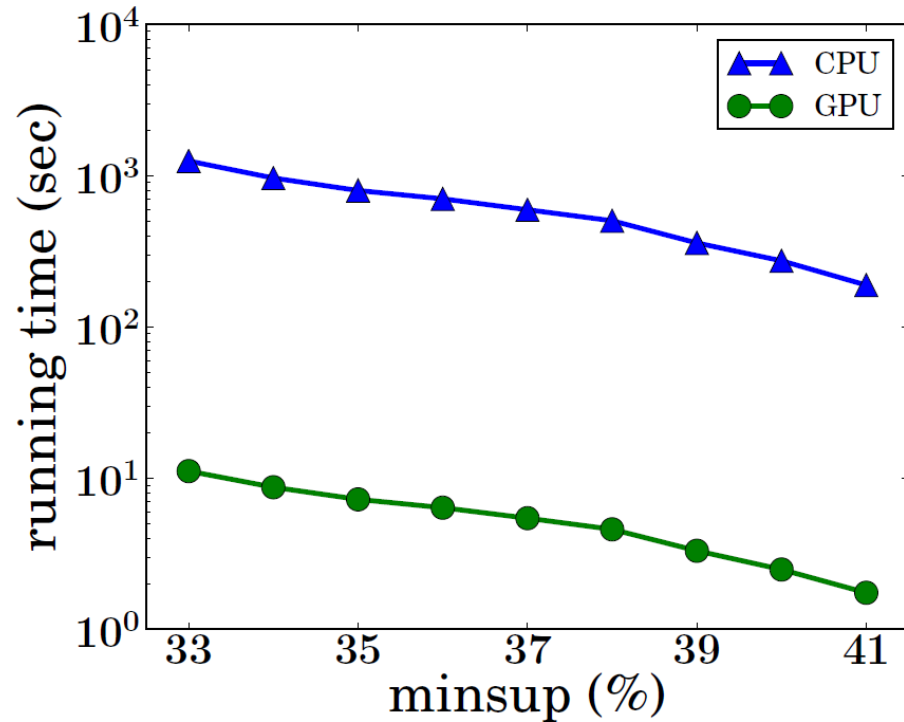
Experiments

CPU: Inten Xeon CPU (2.40 GHz) with 4GB memory

GPU: Tesla C2050 (1.15GHz, 3.0GB memory)

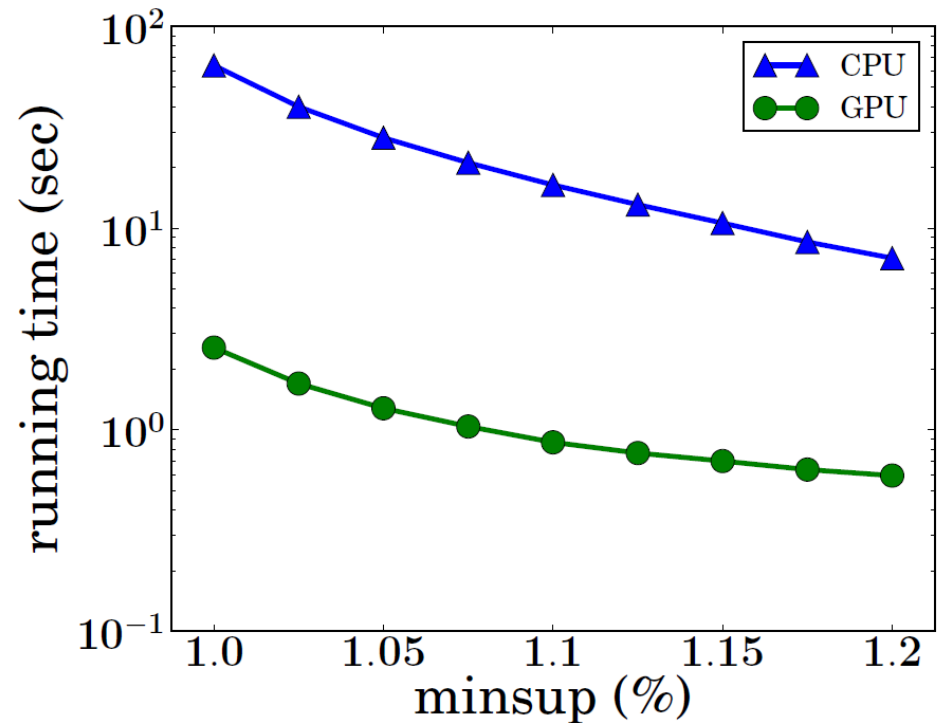
■ Accidents

● 106–112x



■ T25I10D500K

● 3.9-22x



Selected Research Topics



- XML and Web Programming
 - Online Analytical Processing of XML Data
 - ✓ Parallel XML Query Processing using PC-Clusters/Multi-core Processors
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 - Energy-efficient XML Stream Processing
 - ✓ RDF/LOD Data Processing
 - Privacy-preserving Database Querying

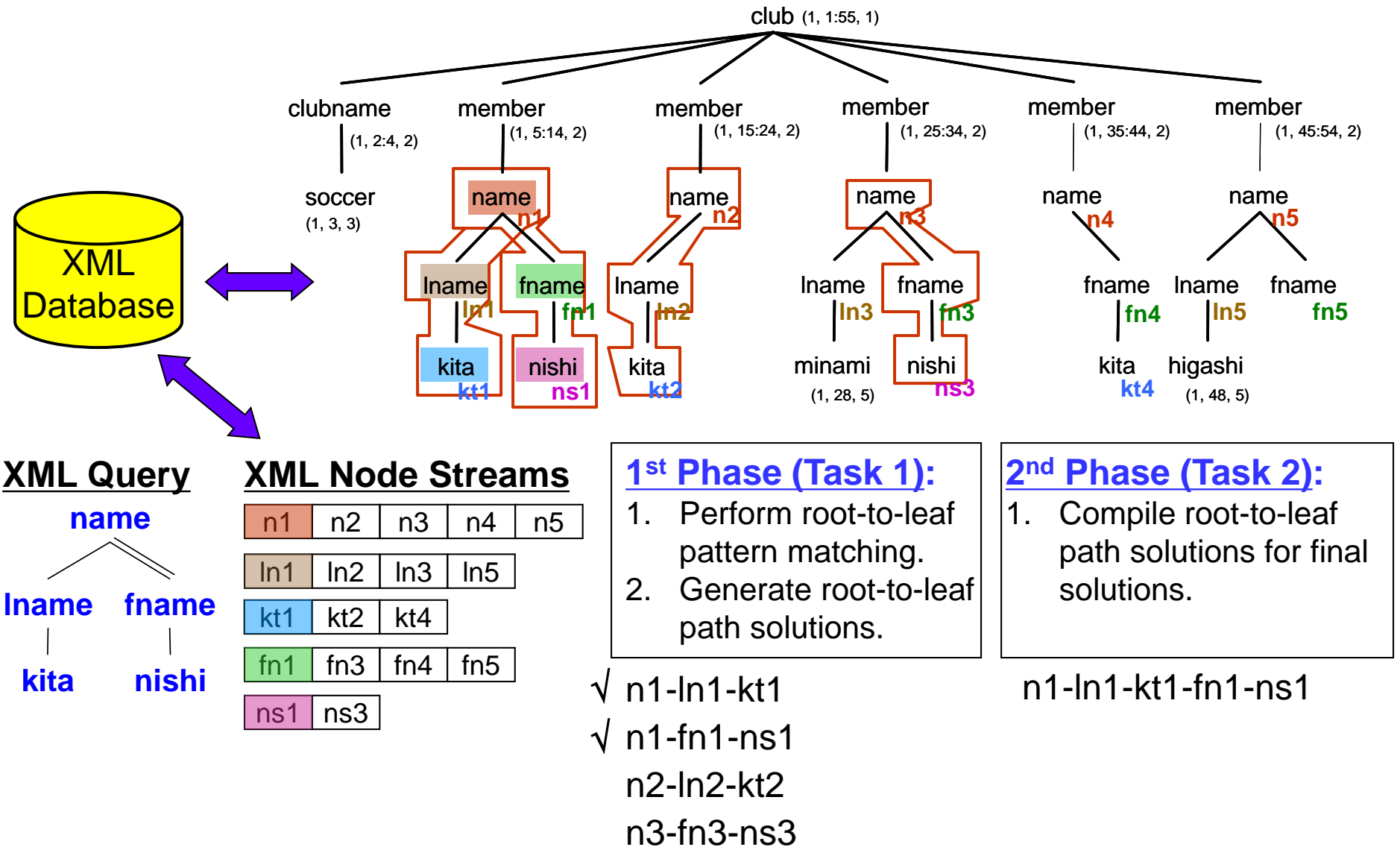
Parallel XML Query Processing on a Multi-core System



- Pattern matching queries are important in querying XML.
- Holistic twig joins (HTJ)
 - A family of XML query processing algorithms
 - Find matches for a given query tree (twig)
- Propose a parallel version of TwigStack algorithm for multi-core processors



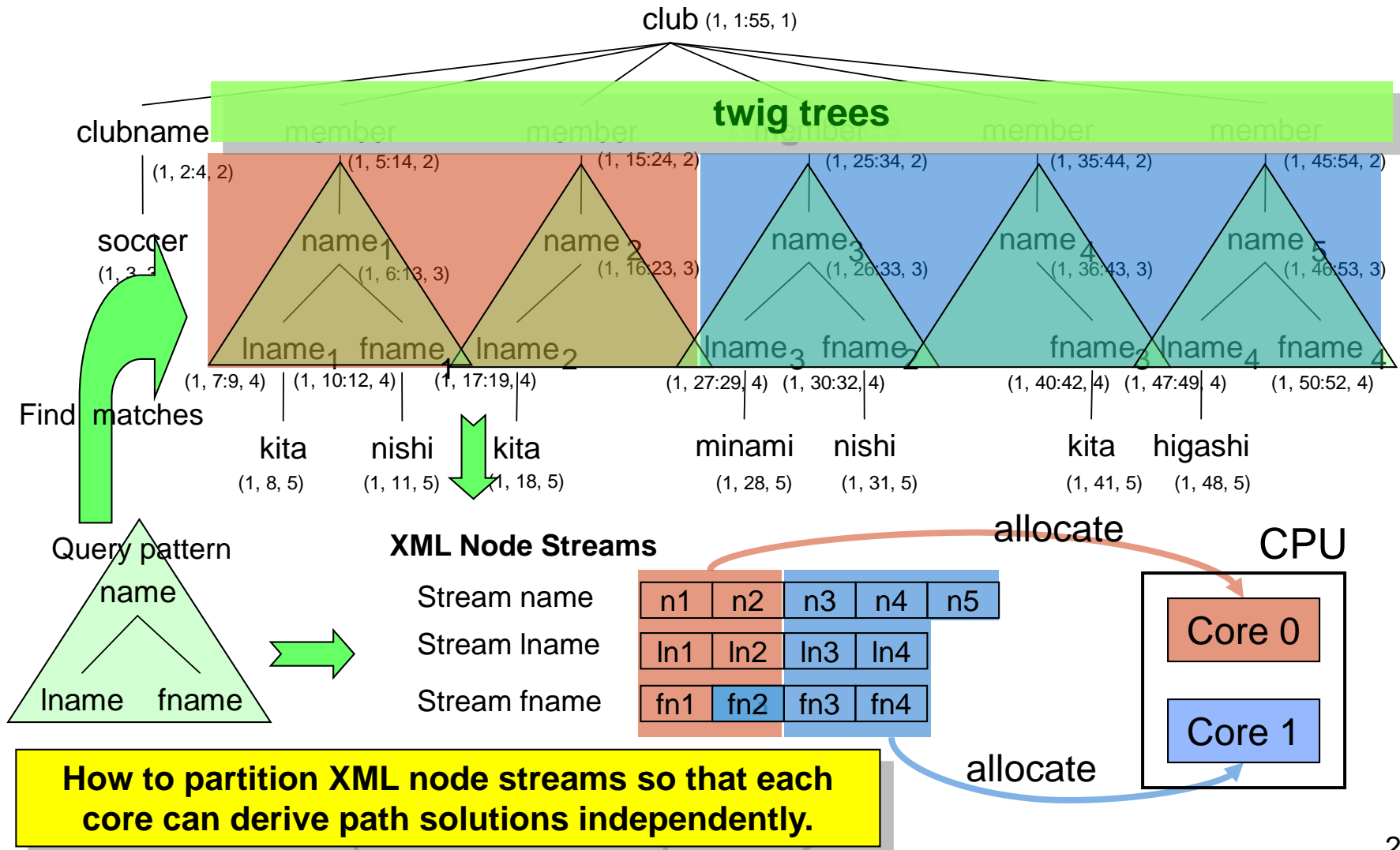
TwigStack Algorithm





Basic Idea

- Partition the XML tree and process in parallel.



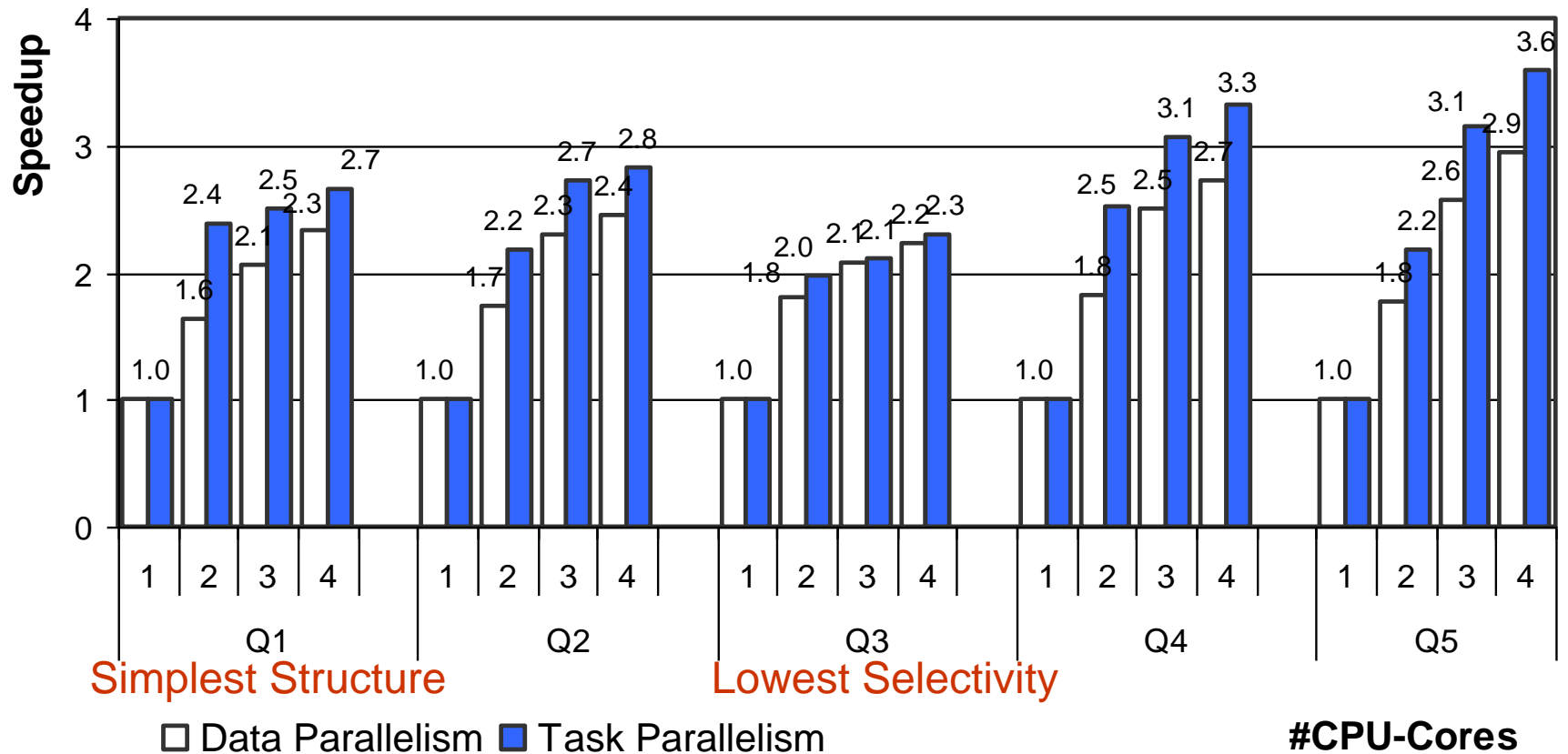


Experiments

■ Sequential execution time

- Q1: 18.48 s, Q2: 44.62 s, Q3: 17.16 s, Q4: 24.65 s, Q5: 15.44 s

4 GB of XML Data





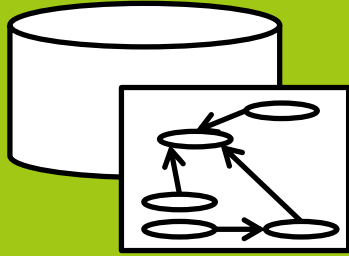
Linked Open Data, RDF

- Linked Open Data (LOD) is increasing rapidly
 - A method to publish and share structured data on the Web
 - “Web of Data”: Data linked with each other
- Resource Description Framework (RDF)
 - A framework for describing resources on the Web
 - Triple: Subject, Predicate, and Object
- Numerical data also published as Linked Open Data
 - Statistics from governments, sensor data, etc.
 - Growing demands for analytical processing over LOD data..
- We propose an ETL framework for the OLAP analysis of LOD datasets.
 - Derivation of a star schema from a large RDF graph.

Framework Overview

Mapping to
Relational Schema

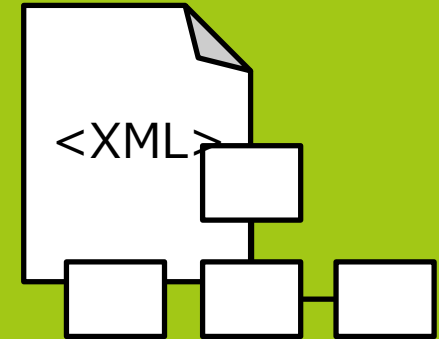
1) Extract RDF



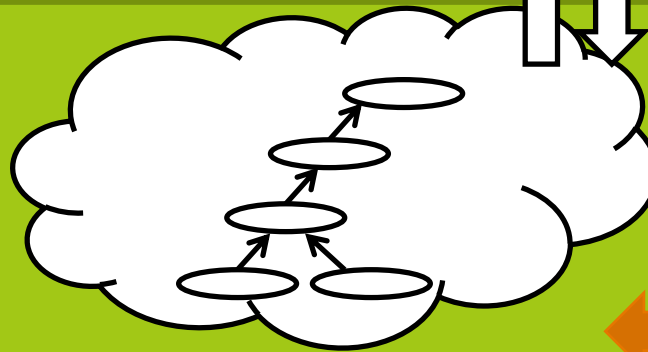
2) Store RDF to RDB



4) Generate a star schema



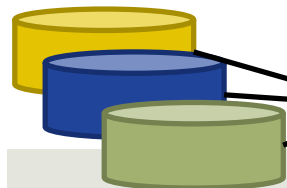
3) Induction of Dimension Hierarchy



Induce axes for
OLAP analysis

Extract

Transform



Extract

Transform

Load

DWH

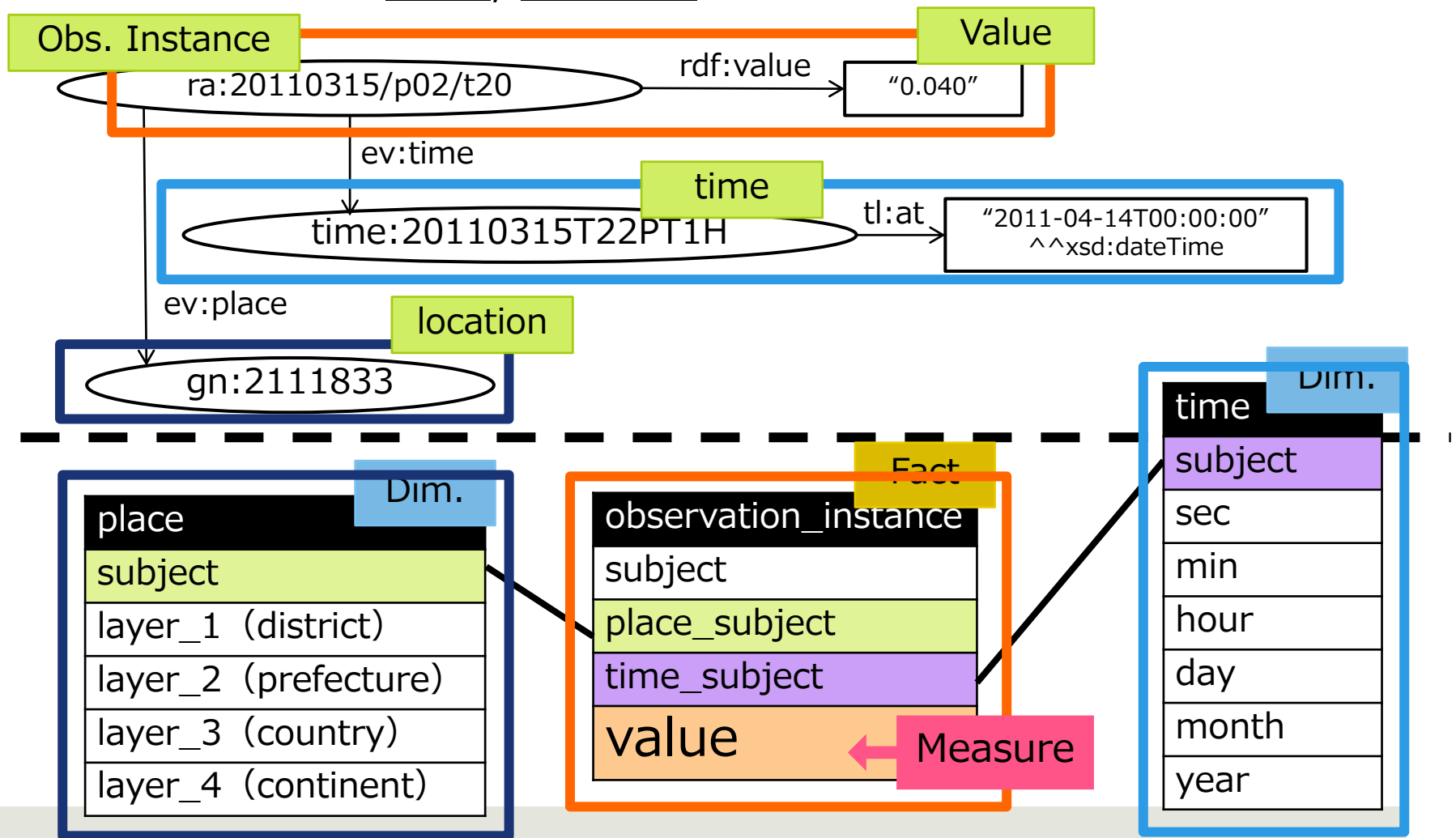
Results using (real) Linked Sensor Data

Generated schema from LOD dataset.

fact-table) observation_instance

dim.-table) Time, Location

Environmental radio activity level monitoring data published by Japan Nuclear Regulation Authority



Selected Research Topics

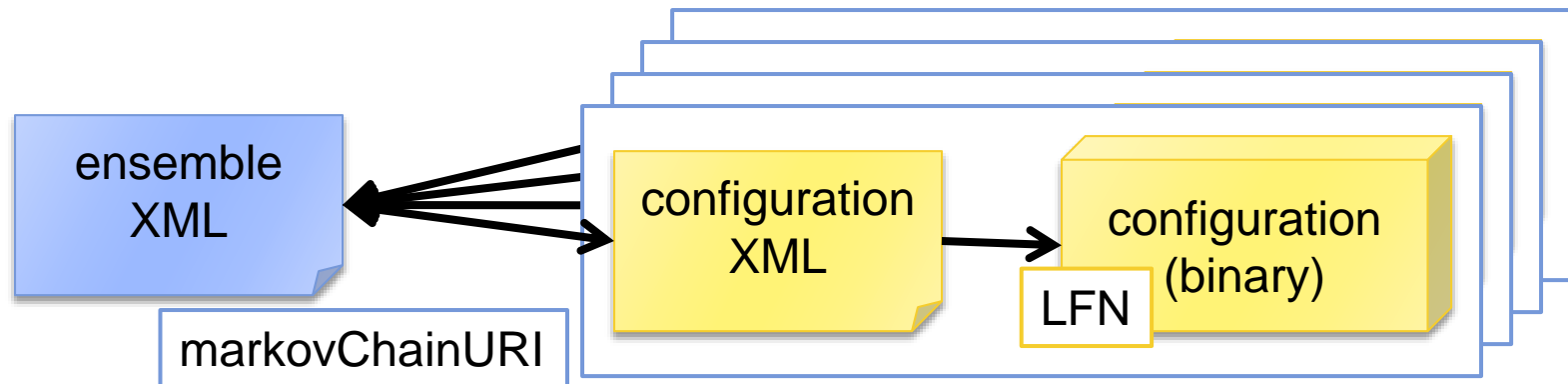


- Database Applications in Science Domains
 - Development and Maintenance of GPV/JMA Archive
 - Automatic Classification of Pressure Patterns
 - ✓ Faceted-Navigation System for QCDml Ensemble XML Data
 - Event Detection from Large Scale Satellite Sensor Data
 - ✓ X-ray Outburst Detection from X-ray Astronomy Data

Int' | Lattice Data Grid (ILDG)



- An international collaboration which provides standards, services, methods and tools that facilitates the sharing and interchange of lattice QCD gauge configurations by integrating their regional data grids.
- File formats in ILDG
 - Configuration binary (10+TB in JLDG)
 - LIME (Lattice QCD Interchange Message Encapsulation)
 - Metadata (QCDml)
 - Ensemble XML (200+ in ILDG)
 - Configuration XML (30,000+ in JLDG)
 - A number of configuration binaries are associated with an ensemble in terms of markovChainURI and LFN.

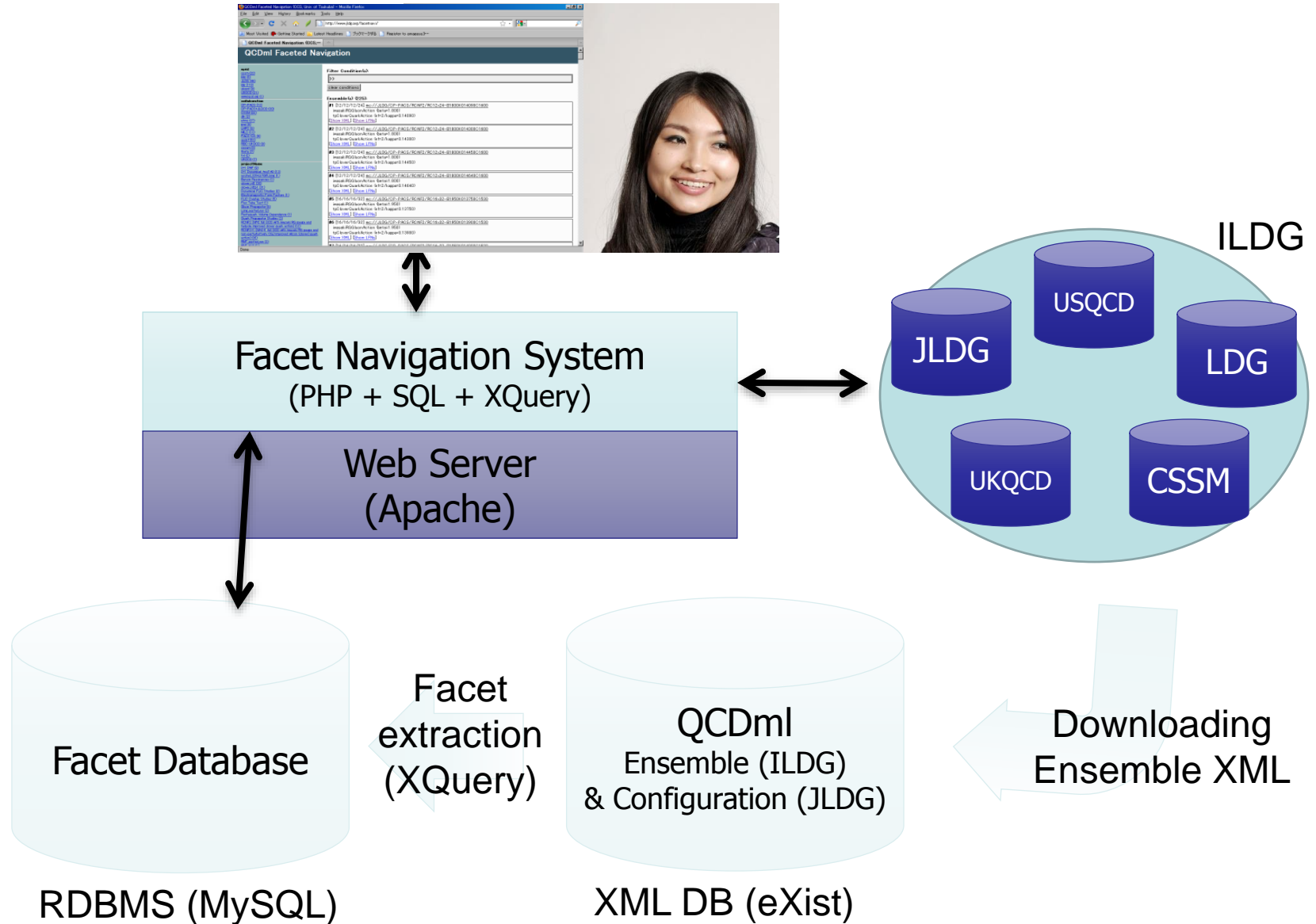




QCDml Ensemble XML

```
<markovChain xmlns="...">
  <markovChainURI>mc: //JLDG/CP-PACS/RCNF2/RC12x24-
B1800K014090C1600</markovChainURI>
  <management>
    <revisions>1</revisions>
    <collaboration>CP-PACS</collaboration>
    <projectName>RCNF2 (Nf=2 full QCD with iwasaki RG gauge and
tadpole improved clover quark action)</projectName>
    <ensembleLabel>B1800</ensembleLabel>
    <reference>Phys.Rev. D65 (2002) 054505 (hep-lat/0105015),
Erratum-ibid. D67 (2003) 059901</reference>
    <archiveHistory>
      <elem>
        <revision>1</revision>
        <revisionAction>add</revisionAction>
        <participant>
          <name>T.Yoshie</name>
          <institution>Center fof Computational Sciences, University
of Tsukuba</institution>
```

QCDml Faceted Navigation Interface System Overview





Demonstration

QCDml Faceted Navigation (CCS, Univ. of Tsukuba) - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

http://www.jldg.org/facetsnavi/ dblp amagasa

Most Visited Getting Started Latest Headlines OpengateStart

QCDml Faceted Navigation (CCS,...

QCDml Faceted Navigation

rrcid

- [cssm \(22\)](#)
- [ildeg \(6\)](#)
- [JLDG \(48\)](#)
- [lde \(118\)](#)
- [ukqcd \(9\)](#)
- [USQCD \(21\)](#)
- [www.lqcd.org \(1\)](#)

collaboration

- [CP-PACS \(12\)](#)
- [CP-PACS+JLQCD \(30\)](#)
- [CSSM \(22\)](#)
- [dik \(2\)](#)
- [etmc \(37\)](#)
- [gral \(9\)](#)
- [LHFG \(8\)](#)
- [MLC \(13\)](#)
- [PACS-CS \(6\)](#)
- [qcdst \(63\)](#)
- [REC-UKQCD \(9\)](#)
- [sesam \(8\)](#)
- [theta \(7\)](#)
- [td \(2\)](#)
- [UKQCD \(7\)](#)

projectName

- [2+1 DMF \(9\)](#)
- [2+1 Dynamical AsqTAD \(13\)](#)
- [asqtad_3264_b7095_jong \(1\)](#)
- [Baryon Resonances \(1\)](#)
- [clover_n12 \(30\)](#)
- [clover_n12p1 \(31\)](#)
- [Dynamical FQCD Studies \(2\)](#)
- [Electromagnetic Form Factors \(1\)](#)
- [FQCD Overlap Studies \(5\)](#)
- [Flux Tube Test \(1\)](#)
- [Gluon Propagator \(6\)](#)
- [Long_asqtad_run \(2\)](#)
- [Pentaquark Volume Dependence \(1\)](#)
- [Quark Propagator Studies \(3\)](#)
- [RCN2 \(Nf=2 full QCD with iwasaki RG gauge and tadpole improved clover quark action\) \(12\)](#)
- [RCN2+1 \(Nf=2+1 full QCD with iwasaki RG gauge and non-perturbatively O\(a\) improved wilson \(clover\) quark action\) \(36\)](#)
- [RMT_asqtad_run \(3\)](#)
- [sum_rip \(1\)](#)

Filter Condition(s):

>>

clear conditions

Ensemble(s) (225):

#1 [12/12/12/24] mc://JLDG/CP-PACS/RCN2/RC12x24-B1800K014090C1600
iwasakiRGgluonAction (beta=1.800)
tpCloverQuarkAction (nf=2/kappa=0.14090)
[\[Show XML\]](#) [\[Show LFNs\]](#)

#2 [12/12/12/24] mc://JLDG/CP-PACS/RCN2/RC12x24-B1800K014300C1600
iwasakiRGgluonAction (beta=1.800)
tpCloverQuarkAction (nf=2/kappa=0.14300)
[\[Show XML\]](#) [\[Show LFNs\]](#)

#3 [12/12/12/24] mc://JLDG/CP-PACS/RCN2/RC12x24-B1800K014450C1600
iwasakiRGgluonAction (beta=1.800)
tpCloverQuarkAction (nf=2/kappa=0.14450)
[\[Show XML\]](#) [\[Show LFNs\]](#)

#4 [12/12/12/24] mc://JLDG/CP-PACS/RCN2/RC12x24-B1800K014640C1600
iwasakiRGgluonAction (beta=1.800)
tpCloverQuarkAction (nf=2/kappa=0.14640)
[\[Show XML\]](#) [\[Show LFNs\]](#)

#5 [16/16/16/32] mc://JLDG/CP-PACS/RCN2/RC16x32-B1950K013750C1530
iwasakiRGgluonAction (beta=1.950)
tpCloverQuarkAction (nf=2/kappa=0.13750)
[\[Show XML\]](#) [\[Show LFNs\]](#)

#6 [16/16/16/32] mc://JLDG/CP-PACS/RCN2/RC16x32-B1950K013900C1530
iwasakiRGgluonAction (beta=1.950)
tpCloverQuarkAction (nf=2/kappa=0.13900)
[\[Show XML\]](#) [\[Show LFNs\]](#)

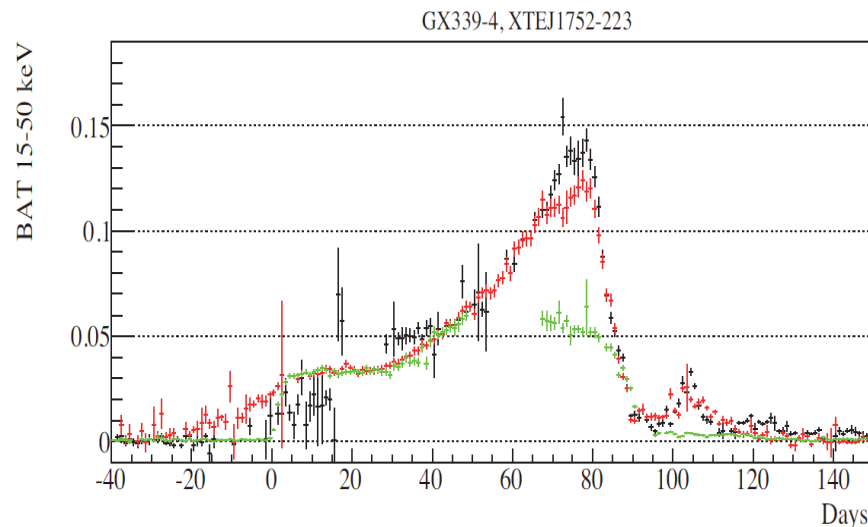
#7 [16/16/16/32] mc://JLDG/CP-PACS/RCN2/RC16x32-B1950K014000C1530

36

Similarity Search over Light Curves of X-ray Outbursts



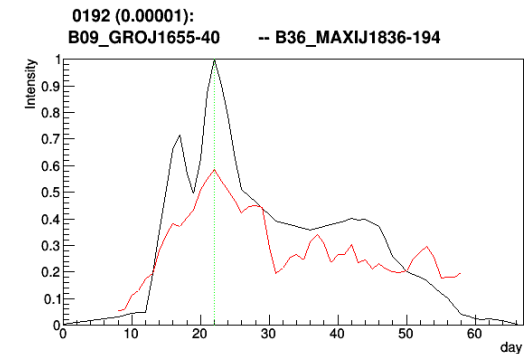
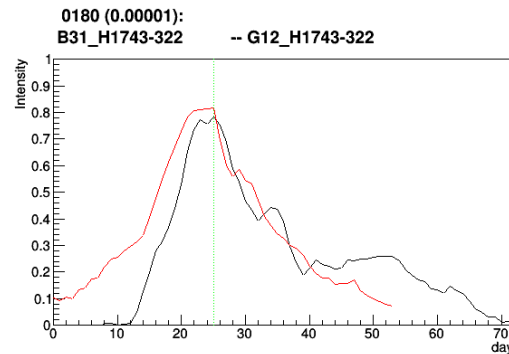
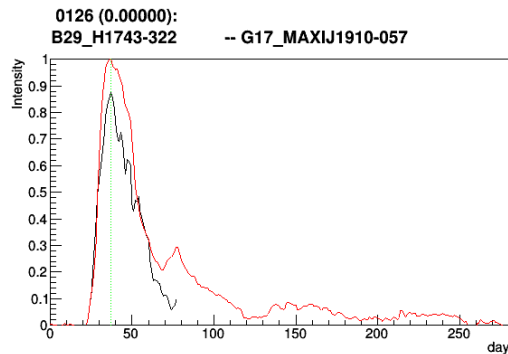
- A collaborative work with JAXA.
- X-ray outbursts
 - Phenomena in which X-ray emission from a celestial object grows for a certain time period.
- Researchers in JAXA are interested in finding celestial objects showing similar light curves.





Our Work

- We apply time-series analysis techniques, such as DTW and DDTW, to search for similar light curves out of massive observation data.
- Detected light curves:





Major Funding

- Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research from Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT) (~\$1 Million; past 6 years)
 - Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research A
 - Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Priority Areas (Infoplosion Project)
 - Grant-in-Aid for Exploratory Research
 - Grant-in-Aid for Young Scientists
- MEXT Big Data Federation Feasibility Study (~\$0.3 Million; 2013)
- From industry

Collaboration



■ Industries

- Hitachi
 - NEC
 - Fujitsu Lab.
 - Mitsubishi Electric
 - NTT Lab.
 - KDDI Lab.
- etc.

■ International

- Carnegie Mellon University
 - Chinese Univ. of Hong Kong
 - Georgia Institute of Technology
- etc.

Publication and Awards



■ Refereed Papers

- 2008: 29 (Journal 8, Conference 21 (3 Demo/Posters))
- 2009: 28 (Journal 14, Conference 14 (1))
- 2010: 22 (Journal 7, Conference 15)
- 2011: 16 (Journal 4, Conference 12 (3))
- 2012: 21 (Journal 8, Conference 13 (3))
- 2013: 18 (Journal 4, Conference 14 (4))

■ Awards

- 4 Best Paper Awards (IEICE Trans., iiWAS2010, IPSJ SIG, DBSJ Journal)
- 4 Best Student Paper Awards (WAIM2008, iiWAS2008, KMIS2010)
- Contribution Award (IEICE)
- 26 Students' Awards

Future Plan



- Research and Development for Data Engineering Challenges
 - Data integration framework to accommodate Big Data.
 - Big Data analysis challenges.
 - New issues involving social media and open data: privacy, social readings, LOD (Linked Open Data).
- Database Applications in Science Domains
 - Started collaboration with Biological Science Group through the dual degree program on gene databases
- Reinforcement of cooperation with other divisions and organizations



Thank you.